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## Phase Diagram of PrPb<sub>3</sub> under hydrostatic pressure

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The low-temperature properties of Pr-based intermetallics with a non-Kramers doublet ground state are determined by nonmagnetic interactions. The cubic compound PrPb<sub>3</sub> exhibits antiferroquadrupolar (AFQ) order as previously seen by magnetization measurements and neutron scattering. We investigated the (B, T, p) phase diagram of PrPb<sub>3</sub> by measurements of the specific heat and the magnetocaloric effect. In zero magnetic field B the specific heat shows a second-order transition with an AFQ ordering temperature  $T_{AFQ} = 0.39 \text{ K}$  in line with earlier results. The entropy for B = 0 reaches  $R \ln 2$  near 1 K which is compatible with a doublet ground state. For  $B \parallel \langle 100 \rangle$ ,  $T_{AFQ}$  as determined by the maximum in the specific heat increases to  $T_{AFQ} = 0.66 \text{ K}$  in 6 T. Antiferromagnetic interactions between the field-induced staggered magnetic moments stabilize the AFQ phase and increase  $T_{AFQ}$  in an applied B. In addition to this second-order transition, we found a further transition at  $T=0.35~{\rm K}$  for  $3~{\rm T}$  and  $T=0.49~{\rm K}$  for  $4.5~{\rm T}$ , which, however, is only observed upon heating. The strong hysteresis between heating and cooling suggests that this transition is of first order. Further support comes from measurements of the magnetocaloric effect  $\Delta T/\Delta B$  at fixed  $T \approx 500 \text{ mK}$  and  $T \approx 230 \text{ mK}$  as a function of B up to 6.5 T. Under hydrostatic pressure of 6.5 kbar the phase diagram is almost unaltered in agreement with an estimate of  $dT_{AFQ}/dp$  by Ehrenfest's relation.